Content	
Title:	Directions for Interest-Sensitive Annuity Insurance Policy Premium Rates
Date:	2005.05.24
Legislative :	<ol> <li>Adopted and issued 3 April 2001 per Letter No. (90)-Taiwan-Finance- Insurance-0900750246 of the Ministry of Finance; for immediate implementation</li> <li>Full 7 points amended and issued 24 May 2005 per Order No. Financial- Supervisory-Insurance-I-09402500991 of the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, for application to interest-sensitive annuity insurance policies issued as from 1 June 2005</li> </ol>
Content :	<ul> <li>1.Definition of interest-sensitive annuity insurance policy During the accumulation period, the insurance company shall calculate the annuity policy non-forfeiture value at a declared interest rate, based on the premium paid by the proposer after deduction of expense loading. When annuitization begins, annuity amounts will be calculated based on the annuity policy non-forfeiture value. Type A: When annuitization begins, a fixed annuity payment will be determined based on the then-current age, an assumed interest rate, and an annuity table. Type B: When annuity payments begin, the annuity amount for the first year will be calculated on the basis of the then-current age, an assumed interest rate, a declared interest rate, and an annuity table; annuity amounts for each of the second and subsequent years will be adjusted based on another declared interest rate and the assumed interest rate stated above.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>2.Anticipated risk incidence rate The anticipated risk incidence rate for calculation of annuity amount shall be determined by each company, based on the annuity table promulgated per Letter No. Taiwan-Finance-Insurance-862397037 of the Ministry of Finance, dated 30 June 1997. When submitting a product for review, a company shall attach a description of the bases for determination of the anticipated risk incidence rate and other relevant materials. 3. Assumed and declared interest rates 3.1 Declared interest rate A declared interest rate shall be determined by a company in consideration of factors such as the potential return on investment for a relevant asset allocation plan and the company's reasonable profit margin, except that in all cases a declared interest rate shall not exceed the yield rate announced, prior to the declaration thereof, by the Central Bank for 10-year central government bonds on the secondary market for the nearest month, and shall not be negative.</li></ul>

Annuity payment period: An assumed interest rate shall not exceed the declared interest rate for the month in which the annuity starting date falls, and shall not be negative.

When submitting a product for review, a company shall attach a description of the bases for determination of the assumed interest rate and declared interest rate and other relevant materials.

4.Formula for annuity calculations

Type A: AnnuityN = V  $\div$  a

Type B: N = 1 , AnnuityN = V + a 1 + jN-1N  $\geq 2$ , AnnuityN = AnnuityN-1 x  $\frac{1 + jN-1}{1 + i}$ 

Where,

. .

i = assumed interest rate

jN = The declared interest rate for the month in which the annuity date or an annuity anniversary occurs (there is a separate value for each annuity year)

N = the Nth year after annuity payments begin

a = annuity present value factor calculated on the basis of the assumed interest rate and anticipated risk incidence rate

V = annuity policy non-forfeiture value

AnnuityN = the annuity amount for the Nth year after annuity payments begin

5. Anticipated expense loading factor (annuity accumulation period)

To be determined by a company itself and specified in a contract.

When submitting a product for review, a company shall attach a description of the bases for determination of the anticipated expense loading factor and other relevant materials.

```
6.Policy reserve
```

6.1 Manner of provisioning:

Annuity accumulation period: provisioned in the full amount of the annuity policy non-forfeiture value.

Annuity payment period:

Type A: provisioned by the level reserve method.

Type B: calculated as follows:

6.1.1 Sample calculation for life annuity:

VN = AnnuityN+1 x a = (VN-1-AnnuityN) x  $\frac{1+jN}{1-a}$ 

6.1.2 Sample calculation for life annuity with a guaranteed payment period of n years:

(1) During the guaranteed payment period:

1 + jN

VN=AnnuityN+1 x an-N+ (VN-1 - AnnuityN  $\times$  an-N+1) x-

1 - q

1 | INT

(2) After the guaranteed payment period:

$$VN = AnnuityN+1 x a = (VN-1 - AnnuityN) x - \frac{1+JN}{1-q}$$

Where,

i = assumed interest rate

jN = The declared interest rate for the month in which an annuity anniversary occurs (there is a separate value for each annuity year)

N = the Nth year after annuity payments begin

q = expected mortality

a = annuity present value factor calculated on the basis of assumed interest rate and anticipated risk incidence rate

VN = policy reserve at the end of the Nth year after annuity benefits begin

 $\label{eq:AnnuityN} AnnuityN = the annuity amount for the Nth year after annuity payments begin$ 

an-N = present value factor for annuity certain, as calculated for the (n-N)th year using an assumed interest rate

n : the number of years for which payment of annuities is guaranteed

Calculated based on 90 percent of the mortality in the annuity table promulgated per Letter No. Taiwan-Finance-Insurance-862397037 of the Ministry of Finance, dated 30 June 1997; and not in any case to exceed the anticipated risk incidence rate used for calculation of annuity amount. 6.3 Assumed interest rate:

Annuity payment period:

Type A: The lower of the assumed interest rate used in calculation of annuity amount or the interest rate calculated in observance of the requirement that "the policy reserve interest rate for a new contract shall be determined using the automatically adjusted actuarial formula".

Type B: Based on the assumed interest rate applicable at the time of calculation

7.Surrender value

The method of or standard for calculation of surrender value is to be determined by a company itself subject to the provisions of Article 119 of the Insurance Act, and shall be expressly stipulated in the contract.

When submitting a product for review, a company shall attach the bases for determination of the method of or standard for calculation of surrender value.

Data Source : Financial Supervisory Commission Laws and Regulations Retrieving System