## Content

|      | Directions for Confirming Customer Identity in Domestic Remittance<br>Operations of Financial Institutions <b>Ch</b>   |
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| 2000 | 2009.03.05   |
|      | <ol> <li>Promulgated on 12 July 2006 per Order No. Jin-Kuan-Yin-(II)-09520004872</li> <li>Amended on January 23, 2007</li> <li>Amended on March 5, 2009</li> </ol> |

| Content :  | Article 1<br>These Principles are specifically adopted to make money laundering control<br>operations more rigorous and combat crime, and to induce remittance<br>customers to leave their data on file, to assist financial institutions in<br>knowing their customers.<br>Article 2<br>In these Principles, "financial institution" means any domestic bank,<br>Taiwan branch of a foreign bank, credit cooperative, and the Chunghwa Post<br>Co., Ltd.<br>Article 3<br>A financial institution that performs a domestic cash remittance of<br>NT\$30,000 or more but less than NT\$500,000, or a domestic account-transfer<br>remittance of NT\$30,000 or more, shall do so in compliance with these<br>Principles.<br>Article 4<br>When a financial institution handles over-the-counter domestic remittances,<br>it shall retain the remitter's full name, national identity card number (or<br>uniform invoice number), and phone number (or address). If the remitter is<br>a juristic person, sole proprietorship, organization, or partnership<br>enterprise, it shall take down the name, government unified invoice number,<br>and phone number (or address) thereof. If the remittance is handled by an<br>agent, it shall note the agent's name and national identity card number (or<br>uniform invoice number) on the remittance application form.<br>Article 5<br>A financial institution shall require the remitter to present documentary<br>proof of identity, and check that the remitter's identity is consistent<br>with the information on the remittance application form, provided that<br>these requirements shall not apply under the circumstances listed below:<br>(1) If the remitter is the principal, and is also a customer known to that<br>financial institution, the remitter may be exempted from presenting<br>documentary proof of identity. The financial institution can check the<br>information filled out on the remittance application form based on the<br>identity record on file.<br>(2) If a remittance is handled by an agent, it is necessary only to check<br>the identity of the agent. If the agent is a customer known to the<br>financial insti |
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|  | Article 6<br>When a financial institution handles a remittance, the relevant procedures<br>and documents required for checking and confirming customer identity shall<br>be handled in accordance with the rules adopted by the Bankers Association<br>of the Republic of China.  |
| Source Financial Supervisory Commission Laws and Regulations Retrieving System |   |

Data Source : Financial Supervisory Commission Laws and Regulations Retrieving System